

112-104-16. Accounting controls for the cage and main bank. (a) Each facility manager's internal control system shall include internal controls for cage and main bank accounting. The internal controls shall be submitted to and approved by the commission according to K.A.R. 112-104-1. If the facility manager elects to use a satellite cage, the same requirements shall apply.

(b) The facility manager shall provide the commission with the start and end times of each cage and main bank shift.

(c) The assets for which gaming cashiers are responsible shall be maintained on an imprest basis and protected from unauthorized access. Gaming cashiers shall lock and secure any assets that are outside of their direct physical control.

(1) Before redeemed tickets are transferred from a cage window to the main bank, the gaming cashier shall prepare an automated system report of the total number and value of the tickets redeemed at that window and compare that report to physical tickets being transferred to ensure that they match. Before reimbursing the cashier, the main bank cashier shall total the tickets received to verify that the dollar amount matches the amount on the gaming cashier's report or shall compare the tickets to the report to ensure that all tickets are present.

(2) Only tickets redeemed in the system shall be forwarded to accounting. If the online validation system ceases to function through the end of the gaming day and the cage is unable to redeem in the system any tickets received in the cage that day, these unredeemed tickets shall have the bar code manually canceled by completely filling in

one space of the bar code with a black permanent marker before being forwarded to accounting to prevent subsequent automated redemption.

(3) At the end of each shift, the outgoing gaming cashier shall count all assigned assets and prepare and sign a bank count sheet listing the inventory. A reconciliation of the opening imprest amount to the closing inventory total shall be performed. Any variance shall be documented on the count sheet.

(4) The incoming gaming cashier shall verify by blind count the closing inventory and sign the count sheet in the presence of the outgoing gaming cashier, attesting to accuracy of the information recorded on the sheet. If there is no incoming gaming cashier, a gaming cashier supervisor or the most senior supervisor in the department shall verify by blind count the closing inventory and sign the count sheet in the presence of the outgoing gaming cashier, attesting to accuracy of the information recorded on the sheet. At the completion of each shift, the cashier count sheets shall be forwarded to the main bank cashier.

(d) If an imprest bank has not been opened for use, a main bank cashier or supervisor shall count and verify the imprest bank and complete a count sheet at least once every seven days.

(e) At the opening of every shift, in addition to the imprest funds normally maintained by gaming cashiers, each facility manager shall have in the cage a reserve cash bankroll sufficient to pay winning patrons.

(f) The cage, any satellite cage, and the main bank shall be physically segregated by personnel and function as follows:

(1) Gaming cashiers shall operate with individual imprest inventories of cash, and their functions shall include the following:

(A) The receipt of cash and cash equivalents from patrons in exchange for cash according to K.A.R. 112-104-12;

(B) the receipt of personal checks for gaming and non-gaming purposes from patrons in exchange for cash, subject to any limitations on amount required by the commission according to K.A.R. 112-104-10;

(C) the receipt of cash, cash equivalents, checks issued by the facility manager, annuity jackpot checks, wire transfers, and cashless fund transfers from patrons to establish a patron deposit according to K.A.R. 112-104-13;

(D) the receipt of patron deposit forms from patrons in exchange for cash according to K.A.R. 112-104-13;

(E) the preparation of jackpot payout slips in accordance with this regulation and K.A.R. 112-104-21;

(F) the receipt of gaming tickets from patrons or from authorized employees who received gaming tickets as gratuities, in exchange for cash; and

(G) the issuance of cash to automated bill breaker, gaming ticket, coupon redemption, and jackpot payout machines in exchange for proper documentation.

(2) The main bank cashier functions shall include the following:

(A) The receipt of cash, cash equivalents, gaming tickets, jackpot payout slips, and personal checks received for gaming and non-gaming purposes from gaming cashiers in exchange for cash;

(B) the receipt of cash from the count rooms;

(C) the receipt of personal checks accepted for gaming and non-gaming purposes from gaming cashiers for deposit;

(D) the preparation of the overall cage reconciliation and accounting records. All transactions that are processed through the main bank shall be summarized on a vault accountability form and be supported by documentation according to the following:

(i) At the end of each shift, the outgoing main bank cashier shall count the inventory and record the inventory detail and the total inventory on a vault accountability form. The main bank cashier shall also record the amount of each type of accountability transaction, the opening balance, the closing balance, and any variance between the counted inventory and the closing balance. If there is more than one main bank cashier working during a shift, each cashier shall participate in the incoming count and the outgoing count for that shift; and

(ii) a blind count of the inventory shall be performed by the incoming main bank cashier. The incoming main bank cashier shall sign the completed vault accountability form attesting to the accuracy of the information in the presence of the outgoing main bank cashier. If there is no incoming main bank cashier, a cage supervisor shall conduct

the blind count and verification and sign the completed vault accountability form in the presence of the outgoing main bank cashier;

(E) the preparation of the daily bank deposit for cash, cash equivalents, and personal checks;

(F) the issuance, receipt, and reconciliation of imprest funds used by gaming cashiers, parimutuel tellers, and change persons;

(G) the collection of documentation that is required by these regulations to establish the segregation of functions in the cage;

(H) the responsibility for the reserve cash bankroll;

(I) the receipt of unsecured currency and unsecured gaming tickets and preparation of related reports; and

(J) the issuance, receipt, and reconciliation of imprest funds used by any redemption kiosk, which shall be done according to the following requirements:

(i) Redemption kiosks shall be maintained on an imprest basis on the main bank accountability form and shall be counted down and reconciled within 24 hours of adding funds to or removing funds from the redemption kiosk. In order to reconcile the redemption kiosk, all currency, tickets, and coupons remaining in the redemption kiosk shall be removed, counted, and compared to the redemption kiosk report that lists the amount of each item that should have been in the redemption kiosk. Each redemption kiosk shall be reconciled at least once every three days regardless of activity at that kiosk. If redemption kiosks are used for any other type of transaction, including providing

automated teller machine functions, corresponding reports shall be printed and reconciled during the kiosk reconciliation. The internal controls shall include a record of the name of each person who performs the count and reconciliation. All kiosk counts shall be performed under dedicated surveillance coverage in the count room or main bank and shall be documented. The reconciliation of the redemption kiosk shall be documented and signed by the employee performing the reconciliation;

(ii) the main bank shall have a designated area for the preparation of currency cassettes and a designated storage area for cassettes that contain cash. Both locations shall be described in the internal controls. The designated preparation area shall have overhead, dedicated surveillance coverage. The storage area of the cassettes shall have dedicated surveillance coverage to record the storage and retrieval of currency cassettes. The storage area shall be locked when cassettes are not being removed or added to the area. Empty currency cassettes shall not be stored with the currency cassettes containing cash;

(iii) all currency cassettes used in kiosks shall be filled with currency by a main bank cashier. The amount of currency to be placed in the cassettes shall be counted by the main bank cashier and placed in the cassette. A prenumbered tamper-resistant seal that secures the cash in each cassette shall be immediately placed on the cassette. The type of seal shall be submitted to the commission director of security for prior approval. All cassettes that contain currency and are not immediately placed in a kiosk shall be stored in the designated storage area;

(iv) a currency cassette log shall be maintained and updated each time currency cassettes are sealed. The log shall contain the following information: date, time, seal number, cassette number, amount of currency in the cassette, denomination of currency in the cassette, and signature of the main bank cashier who prepared the cassette;

(v) each cassette shall be labeled with the required dollar denomination for that cassette and a unique cassette number. The label shall be clearly visible to surveillance during the fill process;

(vi) each individual transporting currency cassettes outside of the cage shall be escorted by security;

(vii) only cassettes properly prepared and sealed in the main bank shall be used to place currency in the redemption kiosk. A seal may be broken before the count and reconciliation only if there is a machine malfunction. If a seal must be broken before the redemption kiosk is reconciled due to a malfunction, the cassette shall be brought to the main bank with security escort before the seal is broken. The seal shall be broken under surveillance coverage. Once the cassette is repaired, the funds shall be recounted and resealed by the main bank cashier;

(viii) the individual who removed the seal on the cassette in order to perform the count of the cassettes shall record the seal number of all cassettes used in the kiosk since the last reconciliation on the count and reconciliation documentation;

(ix) the individual who reconciles the redemption kiosk shall not be one of the individuals who initially prepared the currency in any of the cassettes used in the kiosk since the last reconciliation; and

(x) if cassettes need to be replaced during the gaming day before the redemption kiosk is dropped and reconciled, the individual cassettes that are replaced and that still contain currency shall be locked in a storage area designated in the internal controls. This storage area shall be separate from the storage area of filled cassettes.

(g)(1) Whenever a gaming cashier, parimutuel teller, or change person exchanges funds with the main bank cashier, the cashier shall prepare a two-part even exchange form. The form shall include the following, at a minimum:

- (A) The date of preparation;
- (B) the window location;
- (C) a designation of which items are being sent to or received from the main bank;
- (D) the type of items exchanged;
- (E) the total of the items being exchanged;
- (F) the signature of the cashier preparing the form requesting the exchange; and
- (G) the signature of the cashier completing the exchange.

(2) If the exchange is not physically between a gaming cashier, parimutuel teller, or change person and the main bank, the exchange shall be transported by a

representative of the security department, who shall sign the form upon receipt of the items to be transported.

(h) Overages and shortages per employee shall be documented on a cage or bank variance slip, which shall be signed by the responsible cashier and that person's supervisor. Each variance in excess of \$50 shall be investigated and the result of the investigation shall be documented. If there is a variance of \$500 or more, the commission agent on duty shall be informed within 24 hours. Repeated shortages by an employee totaling \$500 or more over any seven-day period shall be reported to the commission agent on duty within 24 hours.

(i) All cashier's paperwork shall include the date, shift of preparation, and location for which the paperwork was prepared.

(j) At the end of each gaming day, the cashiers' original bank count sheet, vault accountability form, and related documentation shall be forwarded to the accounting department for verification of agreement of the opening and closing inventories, agreement of amounts on the sheets with other forms, records, and documents required by this article, and recording transactions.

(k) Each facility manager shall establish a training program for gaming cashiers and main bank cashiers, which shall include written standard operating procedures. No cashier shall be allowed to individually perform gaming cashier duties until the cashier has completed at least 40 hours of training. No cashier shall be allowed to individually

perform main bank cashier duties until the cashier has completed at least 80 hours of training.

(l) Each gaming facility employee shall clear that individual's hands in view of all persons in the immediate area and surveillance immediately after the handling of any currency or gaming chips within the cage, main bank, or count room.

(m) No employee shall be permitted to carry a pocketbook or other personal container into any cashiering area unless the container is transparent. All trash shall be placed in a transparent container or bag and inspected by security when removed from the cashiering area. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 74-8772; effective Sept. 26, 2008; amended April 1, 2011.)